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WHITEFIELD Whitefield Ltd ABN 50 000 012 895 Level 7 20 Hunter Street Postal: GPO Box 473 Sydney NSW 2001 Australia (T) +61 02 8215 7900 (F) +61 02 8215 7901	Quarterly Report To Shareholders August 2008	
		by (10.23%) over the same period.
		Net asset backing before deferred tax stood at \$3.47 at 30 th June 2008.
		The strongest drivers of comparative return relative to the market over the quarter were the company's investments in HFA Holdings, St George Bank, CSL, QBE, Wesfarmers, Telstra, Challenger Group and Commonwealth Bank.
	CHANGES TO INVESTMENT EXPOSURES	Material transactions undertaken by Whitefield during the quarter involved:Reducing our exposure to Metcash
	OUTLOOK	At this time global investment markets continue to face challenging economic and financial conditions. Importantly we are now starting to see the first signs of fundamental change in some of the drivers of this outlook.
		Inflationary pressure remains an area of concern with tight labour markets, high financial services costs, increasing goods prices out of Asia, and high commodity prices. However with the US dollar starting to firm, some soft and hard commodities becoming more freely available, and demand for commodities and goods weakening, we have recently seen an easing in the price of some soft commodities, weakness in the prices of a small number of traded metals such as zinc, nickel and aluminium, and falls in the price of oil.
		It is important for this trend of softening prices to continue for inflationary pressure to ease in a meaningful way. Notwithstanding these first positive signs of change, we retain some concern that the price of goods exported from increasingly higher cost Asian economies are likely to steadily rise over future years, a factor which will temper the benefits of falling commodity prices.
		We expect that global demand is likely to continue to weaken over the remainder of 2008, with housing markets struggling in US, UK, Europe and Australia, interest rate and financial cost pressure evident in most developed and developing economies, and levels of employment likely to ease as corporate profits fall and consumer spending softens. Emerging economies are not immune from this slowdown, as evidenced by the increasing concern of policymakers in countries such as India and China, where the growth outlook is becoming increasingly fragile.
		In the very near term we believe this outlook is likely to present an unattractive climate for a range of global and Australian businesses. Corporate earnings across many sectors are likely to soften on the back of higher costs and weaker revenue growth. This trend to lower profitability is likely to extend and intensify as we move into the 2009 calendar year.
		Notwithstanding these concerns, the easing in both demand and inflation are likely to give central banks in Australia and other economies increasing scope to consider an easing in monetary policy. Historically the movement of central banks from a tightening to easing stance on monetary policy has represented a significant turning point for investment markets, and in particular a turning point for financial stocks, and has occurred well before the ultimate recovery in corporate earnings.
		At the present time we continue to see many stocks in the Australian market trading significantly below the value of their assets and future earnings. The level of discount evident in these share prices is presenting longer term investors with a multi-decade opportunity to acquire investments at levels likely to provide them with a particularly robust rate of return over their investment time horizon.
		Whitefield is increasingly interested in the opportunities that may arise to acquire stocks at attractive prices as the market moves through this period of weakness.
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